PATENT &



# JNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Rico Sonderegger

Serial No.:

10/088,977

Filed:

March 26, 2002

Title:

ANTIGLARE DEVICE

Docket No.: FRR-13072

**LETTER** 

Asst. Commissioner of Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed herewith is an English translation of the International Preliminar

Examination Report for filing in the above-identified application.

Respectfully submitted,

RANKIN, HILL, PORTER & CLARK LLP

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> I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Assistant Comprissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on the date indicates belo

> > ailing Paper

7/19/02 Date

David E. Spaw

Confirmation No.:66

Printed Name of Person Mailing Paper

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

TIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Article 36 and Rule 70) Translation

Applicant's or agent's file reference			- Off
P1605 PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	SeeNotificationofTransm Examination Report (For	ittalofInternational Prelimina m PST/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day/r	nonth/year) Priority dat	e (day/month/year)
PCT/CH00/00497	15 September 2000 (1		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or na		29 Sep	tember 1999 (29.09.99)
A61F 9/06, H05K 9/00 Applicant			
	OPTREL AG		182
This international preliminary examinand is transmitted to the applicant account.	nation report has been prepared cording to Article 36.	oy this International Prelim	inary Examining Authority
2. This REPORT consists of a total of _			
This report is also accompanie amended and are the basis for 70.16 and Section 607 of the A	d by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of this report and/or sheets contain administrative Instructions under	he description, claims and/oing rectifications made before the PCT).	or drawings which have been fore this Authority (see Rule
These annexes consist of a tota	l of sheets.		
3. This report contains indications relating	ng to the following items:		
I Basis of the report			
II Priority			
	opinion with regard to novelty, i	nventive step and industrial	applicability
IV Lack of unity of invent			
V Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Article 35(2) with regard to ons supporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or in	ndustrial applicability; ,
VI Certain documents cite	d		
VII Certain defects in the in	nternational application		1
VIII Certain observations on	the international application		
Date of submission of the demand	Date of co	mpletion of this report	
07 April 2001 (07.04.01	)	04 December 2001 (	(04.12.2001)
lame and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized	officer	
acsimile No.	Telephone	No	

International application No.

PCT/CH00/00497

I. Basi	s of the rep	port	<i>A</i> ,
1. Wit	h regard to t	the elements of the international application:*	<del>'\C</del> \
	the intern	ernational application as originally filed	of smally deal
	the descri	cription:	७ कि
1	pages	1-8 as	or ginally Red
	pages	. filed v	vith the demand
	pages	, filed with the letter of	On
	the claims	ms:	
_	pages	2-14 as	originally filed
	pages	, as amended (together with any statement u	- Z .
	pages _	, filed w	vith the demand
	pages _		(19.11.2001)
	the drawing	wings:	
	pages	1/3-3/3	originally filed
	pages	, filed w	
	pages	, filed with the letter of	
	the sequenc	nce listing part of the description:	
	pages		
	pages		
	pages	, filed with the letter of	
the	the languation	to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the land application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. Its were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language guage of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). It guage of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). It guage of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under land).	which is:
3. Wit	iminary exar	to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the camination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:	: international
$\vdash$		ed in the international application in written form.	
		gether with the international application in computer readable form.	
		ed subsequently to this Authority in written form.	
H		ed subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.	1
	The state	atement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disc cional application as filed has been furnished.	losure in the
لــا	The states been furni	tement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequer rnished.	nce listing has
4.	The amen	endments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
	the	the description, pages	
	the	he claims, Nos.	
	the	he drawings, sheets/fig	
5.	This report beyond the	ort has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been con the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	nsidered to go
in in	acement she is report as 70.17).	heets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 o as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendment.	are referred to s (Rule 70.16
** Any 1	replacement	nt sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.	

International application No.
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	= 01/01/00/7/
IV. Lack of unity of invention	
1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:	
restricted the claims.	
paid additional fees.	
paid additional fees under protest.	
neither restricted nor paid additional fees.	
2. This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied w not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.	ith and chose, according to Rule 68.1,
3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with F	Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is
complied with.	
not complied with for the following reasons:	
See supplemental sheet	
·	
	·
	,
<ol> <li>Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of interin establishing this report:</li> </ol>	mational preliminary examination
all parts.	
the parts relating to claims Nos.	
-	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT	International application No.
/II. Certain defects in the international application	PCT/CH00/00497
the following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been no	
See supplemental sheet	oted:
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### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Internat. I application No.
PCT/CH 0600497

Supplemental Box (To be used when the space in any of the preceding

Continuation of: IV.3

JUL 2 4 2002

1. In the opinion of Examining Authority the application fails to meet the requirement of unity of invention of PCT Rule 13.1 because the following claimed inventions are not linked by a single general inventive concept:

#### I) Claims 1-10

These claims define an antiglare device wherein

1) a screen element serves at least in part to screen the evaluation circuit against disruptive electromagnetic interference.

According to page 3, paragraph 1, of the description the object of feature 1) is to better protect the evaluation circuit against the disruptive effect of electromagnetic radiation.

#### II) Claims 11-14

These claims further define as claimed invention a screen element wherein

- the screen element comprises electrically conducting material and
- 2) is concave in shape.

The aim of feature 1) above is to screen against electromagnetic radiation. Features 1) and 2) are

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: IV.3

known from the prior art (e.g. conventional metallic screening covers).

The different inventions share no special technical features. The requirement of unity of invention is therefore not fulfilled within the meaning of PCT Rule 13.2.

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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

Interna ial application No.
PCT/CH 00/00497

Statement	JUL 2 4 2002	2800 MAIL ROO	•
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-10 ROO	YES
	Claims RADEMA	11-14	NO NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	***************************************	YES
	Claims	1-14	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-14	YES
., , , ,	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

This report makes reference to the following documents:

D1: WO-A-98/14040 (RUUTTU JARI: TOERNROOS FILIP (FI)), 2
April 1998 (1998-04-02)

D2: US-A-5 751 258 (FERGASON JOHN D ET AL), 12 May 1998 (1998-05-12).

### 1. Claims 1-10:

1. The present application fails to meet the requirement of PCT Article 33(3) because the subject matter of Claim 1 does not appear to involve an inventive step.

The closest prior art with respect to the subject matter of Claim 1 of the present application is discussed by the applicant on pages 1 and 2 of the description. It comprises, among other items, antiglare devices as per the preamble of Claim 1.

The anti-glare device as per Claim 1 differs from the above in a screen element (4) which serves to

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screen the evaluation circuit (31) or a part thereof against disruptive electromagnetic interference emitted by the control circuit.

As explained by the applicant himself on page 2 of the description, it is common practice in the prior art to electromagnetically screen evaluation circuits, which as a rule are sensitive to electromagnetic interference signals (page 2, lines 1-7) against the outside (page 2, lines 12 and 13). The applicant lists electric motors, power inverters of welding units, mobile telephones, etc., as known, common sources of interference signals (page 2, paragraph 1).

It is common general knowledge in the art that high-amplification and hence sensitive evaluation circuits or individual, sensitive parts thereof, irrespective of their application, are normally electromagnetically screened against the output signals of electronic sensors. A 360-degree screening of the sensitive circuit components against electromagnetic interference, as specified above, is often necessary and a matter of routine. This is indicated, for example, in document D1 (see page 1, lines 14-22).

For many years even ordinary motor vehicles, for example, have been containing a wide range of electronic sensors (acceleration sensors for deploying airbags and stabilizing handling, temperature and pressure sensors in the engine compartment, etc.), each of the evaluation circuits in said sensors being screened against interference signals (transmitted by the engine, mobile

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telephones, etc.) so as to ensure electromagnetic compatibility and the proper functioning of each unit.

Document **D1** (page 1, line 19) further discloses that the sensitive circuits have to be screened against electromagnetic radiation emitted outside the apparatus or by other parts of the apparatus.

Control circuits of LCD-based anti-glare masks contain, among other things, an oscillator part (see, for example, D2, column 11, lines 44-67) which is known to produce electromagnetic interference signals. This is known to a person skilled in the art. It would therefore be obvious to screen the sensitive evaluation component of the total circuit against the control part, generating electromagnetic interference, of the total circuit. Similar configurations can be found in any computer (internally screened mains unit) or radio, in which circuit components sensitive to interference are electromagnetically screened against interference-generating circuit components of a total circuit.

The above is common general knowledge in the art, such that even if the disclosures of D1 and D2 are not combined Claims 1-10 still do not appear to involve an inventive step.

1.2 Dependent Claims 2-10 appear not to contain any additional features which, combined with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements for inventive step. The reasons are as follows: